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                    UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
                    MIDDLE DISTRICT OF FLORIDA
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                          ORLANDO DIVISION
                      CASE NUMBER 6:21-md-3006
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    IN RE:
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    TASIGNA (NILOTINIB) PRODUCTS LIABILITY LITIGATION
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    ROBERT MERCED, ET AL.,
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               Plaintiff,
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                                            Orlando, Florida
                                            December 6, 2021
                   v.
10
                                            1:31 - 2:17 p.m.
    NOVARTIS PHARMACEUTICALS
    CORPORATION,
11
12
               Defendant.
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                  TRANSCRIPT OF STATUS CONFERENCE
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15
              BEFORE THE HONORABLE ROY B. DALTON, JR.
                    UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
16
                                 AND
                   THE HONORABLE DAVID A. BAKER
                  UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
17
                                 AND
18
                  THE HONORABLE RACHELLE L. HARZ
                  NEW JERSEY SUPERIOR COURT JUDGE
19
20
21
    Court Reporter: Amie R. First, RDR, CRR, CRC, CPE
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    Proceedings recorded by Realtime Stenography.
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    Transcript produced by Computer-Aided Transcription.
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1 PROCEEDINGS \*\*\*\* 2 3 THE DEPUTY CLERK: Case Number 6:21-md-3006, Tasigna Products Liability Litigation versus Novartis 4 5 Pharmaceuticals Corporation. 6 Counsel, please state your appearances for the 7 record, starting with the plaintiff. 8 MR. ELIAS: Richard Elias on behalf of the 9 plaintiffs. 10 MS. WICHMANN: Lawana Wichmann on behalf of 11 plaintiffs. 12 MR. SILVERMAN: Raymond Silverman on behalf of the 13 plaintiffs. Good afternoon, Your Honor. JUDGE DALTON: Good afternoon to all. 14 15 MR. OXX: Chris Oxx on behalf of the plaintiffs. 16 Good afternoon. 17 MR. BIGGS: Harrison Biggs on behalf of the 18 plaintiffs. 19 MR. FRIEDMAN: Todd Friedman on behalf of the 20 plaintiffs. 21 JUDGE DALTON: Good afternoon. 22 MR. JOHNSTON: Good afternoon, Your Honor. 23 Robert Johnston for the defendant, Novartis Pharmaceuticals 24 Corporation. 25 MS. SHIMADA: Good afternoon, Your Honor.

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Elyse Shimada for Defendant Novartis Pharmaceuticals
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    Corporation.
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              MR. GRANT HOLLINGSWORTH: Good afternoon,
    Your Honor. Grant Hollingsworth for Novartis.
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              MR. JOE HOLLINGSWORTH: Your Honor,
    Joe Hollingsworth on behalf of Novartis.
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              JUDGE DALTON: Good afternoon, all.
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              I'm not sure if Judge Harz was able to join us.
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              Judge Harz, are you with us?
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              JUDGE HARZ: Yes, sir. I'm here.
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              Thank you. Good afternoon.
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              JUDGE DALTON: Good.
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              Well, good afternoon and thank you for joining us.
              So I've had a chance to look at your agenda.
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              What I'd like to do is let Judge Baker take over
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    and talk to you initially about where you are with respect
    to document production. It looked to me like some good
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    progress was being made. So I want to commend the parties
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    there.
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              I know the plaintiffs are probably in the early
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    stages of your review of the materials that were produced
    by Novartis.
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              But, Mr. Johnston, you and your team, I want to
    tell you that I'm very appreciative of the initiative that
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    you all have shown in terms of turning to our requests at
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Judge Baker's direction with respect to production of
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    documents. So things seem to be moving in the right
 3
    direction there.
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             Let me let you take -- Judge Baker, do you have
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    some specific things you want to talk to them about?
              JUDGE BAKER: Well, let me ask counsel for
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    Novartis, since the time of your status briefing and the
    document filed on November 22nd, any updates?
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             MR. JOHNSTON: Yes, Your Honor.
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              I think there are --
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              JUDGE DALTON: Counsel, by the way, if you're
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    fully vaccinated and you are comfortable removing your
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    mask, when you're at the podium, you can remove your mask.
    Otherwise, I would like for you to leave them in place.
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15
             But we're a long way from out of the woods here.
16
    But we're making a little bit of progress.
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              So if you're fully vaccinated at the podium, I
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    know it helps us here and I know it helps the court
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    reporter.
20
              But if you're uncomfortable taking it off, you can
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    leave it on.
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             MR. JOHNSTON:
                             Thank you, Your Honor.
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              JUDGE DALTON:
                             Yes, sir.
24
              MR. JOHNSTON: Your Honor, let me just give you a
25
    brief update.
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On November 9th, we produced 134,945 documents from 20 custodians. On the 16th of November, we produced 150,030 documents. And then on December 3rd, we produced an additional 71,793 documents.

The total produced in the cases that are part of this MDL at this point is 356,768 documents. Obviously, there's millions of pages.

And then if we include the 468,215 documents that had been produced in prior litigation, that means that there have currently been produced 824,983 custodial documents in this litigation.

In order to meet the Court's deadline, we expanded our document review team by 176 attorney reviewers, bringing our team up to 223 attorney reviewers, essentially the size of a moderate to semi-large law firm added to the team.

And the documents that I've just discussed have been through first-level review -- 759,187 documents from the agreed custodians and the agreed search terms have been reviewed at first-level; 24,000 of those documents have currently been withheld for relevance undergoing a higher level review.

It's not that we are withholding all those documents. We've got an elevated level of review. And some of those documents will be produced.

There are also 32,000 documents that have been elevated for higher review for privilege. Again, those are not documents that we are saying we are withholding. We have elevated those for an additional layer of review.

The good news is we expect to be able to complete the review of those groups of documents and produce what we're going to produce, either unredacted or in redacted form, by the Court's deadline.

There are two aspects of that that I want to flag, though. There are 4,000 Excel spreadsheets that contain data not only about Tasigna, but about other Novartis products. And because those are in native Excel and are quite large, that's taken a lot of time for us to review.

We talked to the plaintiffs last week, and I'll let them tell you what their understanding is. But our understanding is they have agreed as to those 4,000 Excel spreadsheets, they would agree to a 60-day extension. And we would continue to talk because I think it's possible that they might decide they don't even want some of these things.

These are -- some examples, there are documents that are regular updates on adverse event reports from the hematological business. Those would include Tasigna reports. But they would also include other hematological medicines that are not even involved with CML.

We understand they might want those reports about

-- the adverse event reports for Tasigna, but there's a lot

of other stuff that has to be redacted.

Similarly, there are some budgeting documents that would have line items for Tasigna but also have line items for the rest of the hematological franchise.

So I think we agreed to work that out outside of the confines of the current deadline, if that's acceptable to the Court.

The other caveat I would offer is that January 1 is a Saturday, which is the date that the Court set. The plaintiffs' PFSs are due on the 1st also.

We discussed perhaps pushing the deadline back to that following Friday, January 7th, as the due date for production and for the production of the plaintiffs' PFS forms that would be due, otherwise, on January 1st.

So that is -- I would also just let you know that as to the second grouping of documents for which there isn't a current deadline, which would be those custodians and search terms that were added by Magistrate Judge Baker's order, we have reviewed 637,000 documents that fall within that category. That review is ongoing. We will produce many of those by January 1st.

And so we feel like we're in pretty good shape as

to that second category that no deadline was set for in your prior order.

JUDGE BAKER: Let me hear from the plaintiffs in

terms of your reaction to the status of things and how your

review is proceeding.

MR. ELIAS: Thank you, Your Honor.

Richard Elias for the plaintiffs.

I can't, as I sit here right now, confirm the exact number, but what Mr. Johnston says sounds correct.

They have made substantial productions, one of which was made on Friday. And we're still uploading those documents.

In terms of the agreement on the 4,000 Excel spreadsheets or so, yes, we have agreed to give them a 60-day extension.

What we've asked for is, in the meantime, to get a few exemplars so we can see if these are documents that we would consider a priority. And if we could get those documents and we do consider them to be something that has a priority, we'll work with them on accelerating that particular category of production. But we don't really foresee any issue, and we do agree to the extension.

With respect to the extension of January 7th,

I think all parties agree that, given that the deadline

falls on January 1st, both their production deadline as

well as our deadlines for the PFS should be extended to

January 7th, if the Court is okay with that. 1 2 In terms of the review, we uploaded the documents 3 and are in the process of uploading the documents. We are 4 in the process -- we are reviewing the documents and 5 assembling the document review team as well. We have not been through 800,000 documents at this 6 7 point. And are setting up what is going to be a very 8 efficient, targeted review of the documents that have been 9 provided, likely based on word searches and certain things 10 that we know based on our knowledge of the case and the 11 documents. 12 JUDGE BAKER: Let me ask a question that you may 13 not be able to answer it in the way that I ask it. 14 MR. ELIAS: Okay. 15 JUDGE BAKER: In terms of harvesting useful 16 information, where do things stand? Are you finding that search terms have worked to get you what it is you need and 17 18 things that you can work with? Are 90 percent of these 19 pertinent or 10 percent of them pertinent? What are you 20 seeing? 21 MR. ELIAS: I can't -- I've got to be careful --22 JUDGE BAKER: Well, that's why I prefaced my 23 question. MR. ELIAS: -- in terms of exposing how the 24 25 sausage is made.

But what I will say is, in the past, with the Lauris case, these are the first time -- what we're seeing is not really new to us. You know, some of the players -- and obviously there are new players that are involved. But in terms of the terminology, in terms of how the -- you know, who are involved in the relevant emails, the roles, the positions, and what the key terms are, we have a pretty good handle on that.

So what I can tell you is, so far -- and I'm going to caveat this because we have not yet had a chance to go in-depth into the documents that they've produced. But word searches, in conjunction with other methodologies, have been successful in harvesting relevant information.

What I can tell you is when you get a database in documents as large as we have, there are a number of documents that are not relevant or are marginally relevant. I can't give you a ratio. I don't know as I'm standing here right now what it is. But so far what I can say is that I think we are effectively reviewing the documents, and we'll effectively be able to.

But I really won't be prepared and my team won't be prepared to answer that question in more detail in terms of whether there are any issues until we have a chance to get their full production uploaded and see what we have.

JUDGE BAKER: Let me ask, Judge Harz, do you have

1 any questions about status issues? 2 JUDGE HARZ: No, I don't. Thank you. 3 MR. ELIAS: And if Your Honor -- if I may on one thing, and, again, we're not in a position to analyze this 4 5 yet; but as we've indicated, as we review certain material and certain custodians appear to be involved that we 6 7 weren't anticipating or weren't anticipating during certain 8 time frames, you know, we're certainly seeing -- and 9 there's a potential cutoff for the information that is not 10 provided that is relevant, that is pertinent to what we're 11 looking at, we're going to be assembling that and, if 12 necessary, working with Novartis to help cover those gaps. 13 And hopefully we can meet and confer and achieve Otherwise, we would have to come to the Court. But 14 that. 15 at this point, it is way too early to assess whether 16 there's any issue. 17 JUDGE BAKER: In your status report, the parties 18 indicate they are requesting leave to submit a Rule 502 19 order. 20 Let me just say you don't need leave to request 21 it. You're going to need leave to get it. But the -- I mean, you file a motion. 22 23 Well, anyway, there are different practices in different parts of the country and everything else. But I 24 25 don't know what you want in your proposed 502, whether

there's agreement.

I am not a big fan, let me just say that.

502 says what it says. And it says the Courts can issue orders. And I -- ever since we've gone through different permutations of Rule 502, I've studied the issue and got the latest Sedona draft here. And I'm just wondering, given the resources put into the review by the defendant, whether there's a need.

But on the other hand, there's a lot of documents, and things get through. And we don't want to punish people for -- we've got strict deadlines here.

So all of that said -- and I want to hear from both of you on this. But my thought is file a motion with what it is you want and put some support in there for the circumstances of this case as to what provisions you want, what deadlines for solving problems, or whatever it is.

But since you're standing there, why don't you go ahead and tell me what your understanding was of the reference in this status report.

MR. ELIAS: My understanding is certainly the 502 order is something that is being driven by primarily Novartis. We have in the past in several of the other cases agreed to an order. I think it's fairly non -- fairly noncontroversial. And we don't have a problem entering into that order in this case as well.

JUDGE BAKER: But, again, you say "this order." 1 2 There's a lot of different 502 orders. 3 And one of the questions -- and the reason that I 4 find this a somewhat fraught subject, what do we do with 5 the fact -- let's say there was a trove of 10,000 killer documents that should not have been produced but you got 6 7 them. You read them. Your whole team has read them. 8 What are you supposed to do with that knowledge? 9 MR. ELIAS: That's a good question. 10 JUDGE BAKER: You can't excise it. You can't even 11 do a jury instruction to tell you to disregard it. Do we 12 prohibit you from making any requests based on it? 13 I mean, I just don't know. I don't know the answer to that. I don't think Sedona has an answer to 14 15 that. 16 And if there are documents produced on December 26th and come -- of 2021 and it turns out in 17 18 late 2022 somebody thinks some of those are privileged, is 19 that too late to call them back? I mean, all the 20 depositions have been taken. 21 I mean, anyway, there's a lot of different kinds of 502 orders. 22 23 MR. JOHNSTON: I appreciate that, Your Honor. 24 And we've agreed to one, a prototype that we've 25 used in other cases.

Frankly, as I'm sitting here right now, I don't know what the answer to those particular questions are in terms of -- and I don't know if Ray -- I don't think any of us have the order and have studied it and are prepared to speak line by line as to what it is.

What I can say is I appreciate what Your Honor has raised. And at the end of the day, we're going to do what the Court prefers first. So if it's your preference not to enter one, we would abide by that.

But, again, we have a prototype that we've used in the other cases with Novartis that we have not objected to.

I'll let Novartis speak on the primary issues. But we'll do what the Court prefers.

JUDGE DALTON: While you're coming up,

Mr. Johnston, let me just echo some of what Judge Baker
says, Mr. Elias. And that is that it's the consequences of
the 502 order that cause us heartburn down the road, as
well as, you know, the problems that it may cause the
lawyers or the companies in terms of -- and, frankly, the
plaintiffs in terms of, you know, how do you put Pandora
back in the box? Or how do you put the evil back in
Pandora's box?

And we struggle with that because oftentimes there are, you know, draconian sanctions that are sought as a result of the disclosure -- inadvertent disclosure and then

clawback.

The cat is out of the bag. Depositions have already been taken. In some cases, those videos are in the can. And then you go back and try to excise in accordance with objections that come later; and the testimony then becomes nonsensical or, worse, misleading in terms of what the witness' position actually was.

So one of the things that we need you all to give some thought to is not so much the terminology about what can be clawed back, when can it be clawed back, under what circumstances can it be clawed back, but give some thought to what are the consequences of an inadvertent disclosure.

Anyway, I didn't mean to jump in there.

Because I end up usually having to suffer the consequences of trying to fashion some remedy as a result of an inadvertent document disclosure.

Mr. Johnston?

MR. JOHNSTON: We will work together to fashion a proposed order that takes into account, to the extent that we possibly can, the concerns that you all have expressed.

I would say that this is the prototypical type of case in which a 502(d) order is appropriate. We're moving through hundreds of thousands of documents in very short order, and we have a very good review team. But it's likely that something will get missed.

And the point of this order is to facilitate the prompt production without the administrative delay that would be provided by a punctilious review, even if we're doing a good review.

And the Federal Rule of Evidence 502 is a rule of evidence. So that means that the document that was inadvertently produced can't come into evidence.

I understand that there is this issue with the cat out of the bag. But it seems to me that the first level of analysis is whether the document, if determined to be -- if challenged on clawback and the Court determines the document to be privileged, whether that document could be admitted at trial. And I realize there's a host of other horribles.

But that's my client's concern, is that if we have a privileged document, that because we're employing 200-plus attorneys to review these documents quickly in order to facilitate moving the case forward something slips through that is critical, you know, I just think this is the kind of case where this order makes sense. But what I'm hearing you all say is that you're willing to consider it.

And the reason for putting it on the agenda was that we had an order that said we couldn't make any motions. So if we have leave to file that motion, we'll

work together to put together a proposal for Your Honors to consider.

JUDGE BAKER: All right. And as far as I'm concerned, because I think I'm going to take the first shot at looking at this thing, if it's an agreed motion, it still needs to be supported as to the issues we've been talking about.

If there's disagreement, I'll leave it to you whether you want to do it as a joint motion with these disagreements or whether you want to file the motion and let them file an objection or a response.

It's faster if it comes in with one document. But we're moving along, so I'll leave that to you. Normally, it's a motion and response and ruling. But if I need oral argument, I know where to find you.

MR. JOHNSTON: I understand.

And I hope that we will be able to make a joint submission. We have before. But we'll see.

I forgot one thing to mention, which is one of the reasons why it's so important in this case for us is, obviously, 502 recognizes that the parties can make an agreement about clawback, but that agreement under 502 is only enforceable between the parties to the agreement. Right now we know who the players in this MDL are; but six months from now, there might be other players.

And an order would be binding on all the parties 1 2 to the litigation. And that's one of the reasons why it's 3 important to have an order rather than just an agreement, I think, too. 4 5 JUDGE BAKER: And, coincidentally, 502 makes specific reference to federal and state simultaneous 6 7 litigation, which is our situation here. 8 MR. JOHNSTON: Right. Exactly, Your Honor. 9 We'll put something together, Your Honor. We just 10 wanted to be able to file something for your consideration, 11 which I assume we now have. 12 JUDGE DALTON: Thank you. 13 So the next thing on the agenda was to talk about where you all are in terms of your conversations about 14 15 depositions of treating physicians. 16 Do you all have an update for me? Or do you just want to continue to put that on there at my request and we 17 18 continue to visit it? 19 So Mr. Elias. 20 MR. ELIAS: Sure. 21 I mean, that was put on the agenda at Novartis' From our standpoint, as the Court has advised, we 22 23 are willing when the Court is ready to talk about depositions in individual cases. 24 25 It is our position, as the Court has stated, that

the time for those would be after the completion of general discovery that's set forth in the current case management order. And we would need to come up with some sort of a protocol on whether there's going to be bellwether cases or what type of discovery would happen in individual cases.

But it remains our position that the time for individual depositions in this MDL, if any -- when I say "individual depositions," depositions of treating physicians in individual cases, case-specific, would be after the general -- the current schedule on general discovery.

JUDGE DALTON: Okay.

Mr. Johnston.

MR. JOHNSTON: Thank you, Your Honor.

We did ask to put this on, first, at your invitation that it would probably be an agenda item for a while. But I do have a couple things I want to say to the Court about this.

You know, Novartis' view is it has done nothing wrong in these cases and it will prevail in these cases, and it looked forward to vigorously meeting the merits of the cases because we believe we have very good cases.

Unfortunately, as the MDL is currently structured,

Novartis has had to engage in millions of pages of

documents requiring the hiring of essentially another large

law firm to conduct the review and to provide that discovery to plaintiffs, who have only got the burden of filling out 23 PFS forms at this point.

In fact, the plaintiffs now have access to more than 800,000 documents currently and can already begin to formulate their strategy for depositions of Novartis and its employees.

The Court has awarded each side 140 hours for depositions. And we have no doubt that early in the year, the plaintiffs will begin to take corporate and fact depositions based on these documents.

And the defense of those depositions will add an additional burden and cost to NPC's current burdens as well as burdening its ongoing operations and employees.

But the Court has precluded Novartis from taking any depositions of plaintiffs, their prescribing physicians, and their treating physicians. There is no one that Novartis can spend its 140 hours of deposition time on as the MDL is currently structured.

Novartis is very confident that if discovery is afforded, it would be able to prevail on many of these cases before — on summary judgment on issues such as whether the prescribing physician would have prescribed Tasigna anyway; whether there is a basis for specific causation, which as the Court is aware, resolved the

Seroquel MDL before Judge Conway of this district, also involving cardiovascular disease where two summary judgments were granted finding that specific causation could not be proven and that MDL was effectively ended.

As structured, NPC submits that the process does not satisfy the requirements of Rule 1 to arrive at a just and efficient resolution of the cases.

So we reiterate our request that the Court allow NPC to take case-specific depositions in this MDL soon or now to resolve as many cases as can be resolved promptly and efficiently.

The Court can decide these motions, regardless of whether it has the ability to try the cases. At the end of the day, under Lexicon, it can grant summary judgment.

So we urge the Court to provide a path for NPC to obtain judgment where appropriate without needing to wait until all of the discovery of Novartis is complete.

And to that end, we have a suggestion. We have several cases in which discovery was taken before the MDL was created, not of everyone, but sometimes a plaintiff's deposition, sometimes a treater's deposition.

We would suggest it might make sense for us -- we believe that that testimony is sufficient in many of these cases to grant summary judgment.

We would suggest it might make sense for us to

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JUDGE DALTON:

draft and file those motions so that the Court can see how those issues play out at the actual depositions to see whether there's a path forward to allow us to try to find a way to efficiently end this MDL. The one caveat I would say is that in order to do that we would need leave to refile summary judgment at the close of discovery without prejudice to the early filing on a limited record. So that's one suggestion we have that might help us begin to grapple and understand better how we could move these cases forward. And we offer that to Your Honor as something to consider as well. We think it's important. If we could knock out five cases right now, that would be useful for all of us. And if we can't, we can't. And we would know where that stands. But we can't really defend ourselves at all as the current schedule is structured until after the close of general discovery in this MDL. JUDGE DALTON: All right. Well, thank you, Mr. Johnston. MR. JOHNSTON: Thank you, Your Honor.

waver from my original inclination that this case ought to

proceed initially on the question of general causation in

I'm not persuaded that I should

terms of whether or not your drug does cause or contribute to the deleterious consequences that are attributed to it by the plaintiff; and that you have all the due process to which you're entitled to fully litigate that question about whether or not the drug in question is a general cause of the consequences, as I've already mentioned, are attributed to it by the plaintiffs; after which if the plaintiffs are able to overcome that threshold, then you'll have an opportunity, I can assure you, to conduct specific — case-specific discovery with respect to your concern about the warning issue in terms of whether the physicians, had they been in possession of all of the information, which I'm confident will be developed in the course of the primary discovery phase.

My own view, Mr. Johnston, is that any motion you would file even with the deposition testimony taken today would not be on a complete record because the physicians would not have all the information which may be developed during the course of the discovery process, which is currently in existence, to offer an opinion about whether or not that would have changed their recommendations.

So I guess we just have to respectfully disagree with one another in terms of whether that would actually be a case-winning strategy for you or whether it would simply give me a motion to resolve on an incomplete record that I

would then have to defer consideration of until all of the discovery was completed.

So that's how I see the situation. And I appreciate the fact that you disagree with that.

I don't know yet, as I've indicated previously, exactly how I'm going to order or structure the case-specific discovery. I have a number of options, one of which would be to not do it in the MDL and send it back to the originating court. I think it's unlikely that I would do that.

Another way to do it would be to ask the plaintiffs or direct the plaintiffs to make some selection amongst their cases of what we'll call, for lack of a better term, maybe bellwether case considerations and to let them designate some number of cases or have me give them some number of cases to designate and then allow you to proceed with the specific — case—specific discovery with respect to a limited number of cases moving forward. Maybe do them in waves.

Some of that will depend on how many other tag-along cases we get, what our universe of cases, you know, looks like as the MDL case gets fully fleshed out.

So the reason I -- the reason I like to put it on the agenda to talk about is that it's a little bit of a moving target in terms of how things develop as we go

forward.

But I'll say, again, what I've said previously, is
I appreciate and respect your concern about your client's
need to inquire of the prescribing physicians whether or
not this additional information, had it been known to them,
would have impacted their decision or whether the risk of
the -- the risk of nonprescription so significantly
outweighed via the benefits that they would have elected to
pursue some other course of treatment.

I don't know the answer to those questions. I suspect you -- I know you think you do, but we'll see, I quess, what the answer to these questions would be.

So I'm going to stay on track with what I've described in terms of the development of discovery. And at least in my opinion, that's the most efficient way for us to afford both sides the flexibility that they need to investigate and prosecute their cases and defend their cases.

MR. JOHNSTON: Thank you, Your Honor, for letting me lay out our argument.

I would say there are several other options besides the two you outlined for selecting cases. We object, obviously, to letting the plaintiff choose the cases.

JUDGE DALTON: I mean, don't -- there's always a

risk, I guess, when I sort of share my thinking with you all that you're going to take it as the gospel. As I said, the reason I want to talk about this every time we get together is because it's a moving target.

I've not made any final decision on whether or not you'll pick or they'll pick or I'll pick or who will pick, you know, the cases. A lot of that will depend on, you know -- I mean, obviously, my fund of information goes up incrementally every time we get together, as does

Judge Baker's and Judge Harz's as well.

So we'll be better informed about how these cases should -- what we want to accomplish, which I suspect is what you all want to accomplish, even though everybody has got a slightly different agenda, is to try to -- if we're going to get to bellwether trials or if we're going to start segregating the pool in some way for disposition, that we do it in a way that gives everybody the most meaningful information about how are all of these cases going to eventually resolve.

Are they going to resolve -- maybe they're not going to resolve in a way that has a consistency or a pattern. Usually they do. But perhaps not.

You know, maybe they are all on track for summary judgment or a defense verdict. Maybe they are all on track, you know, for plaintiffs' recovery and it's a

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question of, you know, how much in terms of each individual
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    plaintiff.
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             You know, I have no way of pegging that at the
             I suspect I'll have some thoughts on it as we get
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    moment.
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    farther along. So we'll see.
             MR. JOHNSTON: Thank you, Your Honor.
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             JUDGE DALTON: Plaintiff fact sheets.
             It looks to me like you all think you're on track,
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    based on what I heard here, to meet, assuming that we
10
    extend the deadline out to January the 7th so it
11
    doesn't interfere with your football watching and your New
12
    Year's Eve revelry.
             MR. ELIAS: Your Honor, just briefly, we are as of
13
    right now on track and expect to meet the deadline.
14
15
             JUDGE DALTON: Okay. And what are you all hearing
16
    in terms of the universe of cases out there about potential
17
    new cases?
18
             Mr. Elias, your team, I'm sure, is in touch with
19
    lawyers around the country that either have or are thinking
20
    about bringing some of these claims?
21
             MR. ELIAS: Your Honor, we are.
22
             Candidly, I'd say at this point the universe of
    claims lies with us. We have a number of unfiled claims
23
    that still need to be brought, and we will be bringing
24
25
    more.
```

There's three additional cases, I think, since the last time we met that have been brought in, then transferred into this Court. And I would imagine by the next time that we meet, there will be several others.

I don't know what the exact number is. But I would imagine anywhere in the realm of between 5 and 15 additional cases will be brought.

JUDGE DALTON: Okay. So it sounds like it's a manageable number, at least in terms of tagalongs.

Obviously, you know, the thing that happens that can upset the apple cart is if we get deeply into the MDL and then suddenly hundreds of new cases that have been incubating for reasons which I'm always perplexed about -- frankly, I don't understand it -- where, you know -- to some extent, I understand it if the case is -- and I don't mean this pejoratively -- are being recruited. Recruited in the sense that the word is getting out to people that they may have a claim and they decide to bring it.

But the ones that you all know that are in your -you already have a client connection or a connection with a
lawyer or a law firm somewhere in the country that has one
of these cases, I would encourage you to bring them -- tell
them to bring them sooner rather than later so we can
figure out.

Because it will be important to me if I do end up

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agreeing to bellwether trials and we start -- I start looking at the possibility of maybe setting up waves. You know, will we be looking at waves of 10, waves of 20, waves of 5? So it becomes important for me to know what the universe of the cases is likely going to be like so I set a schedule that gets all the cases developed, gives you all the opportunity to do it in a comprehensive way but yet allows me to get the cases resolved and discharge my portfolio and mandate, you know, as the MDL presiding judge, get the cases as far along as I possibly can before they get sent back or we come to some agreement about getting them resolved here. MR. ELIAS: Understood, Your Honor. From -- I can say that while we can't be certain, we know of no other entity that's sitting on a group of cases at this point in time. If we did, we would encourage them to bring those cases. And we will be bringing the remainder of the cases that we intend to file with this MDL in short order. JUDGE DALTON: All right. Thank you, Mr. Elias. Do we have anything else? We're looking at our notes here, Judge Harz. while we're looking through to see if there's anything else

we want to take up with the lawyers, what about -- let me

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ask you one thing as far as your information-sharing with
 1
 2
    the proceedings through the liaison lawyers.
 3
             Are you satisfied with the information that you're
    getting?
 4
 5
             JUDGE HARZ: Yes, very much so. I'm up to date on
 6
    everything.
 7
             I thank liaison counsel for everything. Yes.
 8
             JUDGE DALTON: Any issues that you have that you'd
 9
    like for us to raise with these lawyers or you'd like to
10
    raise with them while they're here?
11
             JUDGE HARZ: No. Thank you. Thank you for
12
    asking.
13
             JUDGE DALTON: Yes, ma'am. You're very welcome.
             All right. I don't have anything else for the
14
    good of the order unless the lawyers do.
15
16
             Mr. Johnston?
             MR. JOHNSTON: Your Honor --
17
18
             JUDGE DALTON: Yeah.
19
             MR. JOHNSTON: -- we are going to file a motion
20
    for you to reconsider or to certify to the Eleventh Circuit
21
    your ruling in the Colella case on preemption.
22
             JUDGE DALTON: Well, you can ask me to certify my
             I'm not going to permit you to file a motion for
23
24
    reconsideration.
25
             You can tell me while you're here, if you want to
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articulate your grounds, if you have Rule 60 grounds that you think would warrant reconsideration in the form of new evidence or case law that has developed since the time that I made my ruling, I'd be happy to entertain it.

But I'm not going to reconsider my ruling on the merits of the motion absent you demonstrating for me that you've got unique Rule 60 criteria in order for me to do that.

MR. JOHNSTON: Your Honor, I have a motion that is -- I'll have to think about that. But the motion is structured in the alternative.

If you can give us leave to file something this week after we get together and if we think we have that criteria, we will move for reconsideration. Otherwise, we would just move for certification if we had leave to do so.

JUDGE DALTON: Okay. Well, I'm not inclined -- as I said originally because, you know, motion practice slows us down.

I will tell you I'm not going to change my mind on my ruling with respect to the issue of preemption. And I appreciate the fact that you disagree with my ruling.

That's certainly your right and your prerogative. And I would expect you to pursue any appellate remedies that you have on behalf of your client. It certainly does not hurt my feelings in the slightest. But we have other fish to

fry, and I'm going to continue to move forward. 1 I'm not 2 going to revisit my ruling on that. 3 So I would encourage you, if you want to ask me to make a Rule 54 certification, I don't think it meets the 4 5 criteria for that, but I don't want to prejudge it. I'll give you an opportunity -- I will give you 6 7 leave to file a motion for certification of that issue to the Eleventh Circuit, and then the plaintiffs can respond 8 9 to that. And I'll -- you know, I'll deal with that in due 10 course, because I appreciate the fact that you have 11 appellate rights and I want you to be able to preserve 12 those. 13 MR. JOHNSTON: Thank you, Your Honor. We will put something together and get it on file 14 15 this week, I would expect. 16 JUDGE DALTON: Okay. Great. Thank you. 17 MR. JOHNSTON: Thank you. 18 JUDGE DALTON: Let's talk a little bit before you 19 depart about the schedule in terms of when we get together 20 I would like to stay on the schedule that we have in 21 terms of submission of the status reports. 22 I would tell you all that if you all think when 23 you get together to meet and confer on your status report that you don't need to be here, I'm open to that as long as 24 25 we don't get, you know, behind the curve, so to speak, on

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some of the issues that are pending.
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             So I don't know, Judge Baker or Judge Harz, if
 3
    either of you have thoughts on it.
             My thinking was that when you all do your next
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 5
    meet-and-confer -- when is the due date for the next agenda
 6
    filing?
 7
             THE LAW CLERK: We haven't set one yet.
              (Discussion off the record.)
 8
 9
             JUDGE DALTON: What do you all think, Mr. Elias,
10
    Mr. Johnston? What do you think is a good schedule for
11
    you?
12
             As I said, I want it to be current enough that we
13
    don't get behind the curve. I want it to be far enough out
    there that we have a meaningful meeting and that we -- I
14
    want to be respectful of your time and the cost as well.
15
16
             MR. ELIAS: Thank you, Your Honor.
             I think, Your Honor, while we don't have issues to
17
18
    raise right now, I think it would be beneficial to set
19
    something for, let's say, mid-January because we very well
20
    may have issues at that point.
21
             JUDGE DALTON: I was going to ask you, with
    respect to -- once you get your document review up and
22
23
    running, that may raise some issues. So why don't we look
    at the third week of January.
24
25
             Do I have a date available? Do you know?
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I should probably ask Ms. Gomez.
 1
 2
              THE LAW CLERK: The week of the 24th is almost
 3
    fully clear, Judge.
 4
              JUDGE DALTON: January 24th. How does that
 5
    look?
 6
              THE DEPUTY CLERK: Yes. The 25th, the
 7
    26th?
           Tuesday, Wednesday?
 8
              JUDGE DALTON: Is that a Tuesday?
 9
              THE DEPUTY CLERK:
                                 Yes, Tuesday.
10
              JUDGE DALTON: How about Tuesday, the 25th, at
11
    1:30?
12
             And then, again, giving you all the flexibility
13
    when you have your meet and confer, if you think there's
14
    not anything that we need to do, I don't want to waste
    our -- I don't want to waste my time, Judge Baker's time,
15
16
    Judge Harz's time, or your time and money if you don't
    think you need any -- if you don't need any help.
17
18
              MR. JOHNSTON: Your Honor, can I ask maybe -- can
19
    I ask Mr. Elias something real quick?
20
              JUDGE DALTON: Of course.
21
              (Pause in proceedings.)
22
              MR. JOHNSTON: Your Honor, the first week of
23
    February would be better for us. They've indicated that
    they're okay with that. If that's okay with Your Honor,
24
25
    that would be a better date for us.
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1
             JUDGE DALTON: Let me look. I got the 25th
 2
    because it looks like I have time in that week.
 3
             Let me see what Ms. Gomez says about the first
 4
    week of February.
 5
             THE DEPUTY CLERK: Tuesday, February 1st. Second
 6
    week? I'm sorry. Or the first week?
 7
             MR. JOHNSTON: First week.
 8
             THE DEPUTY CLERK: Yes, February 1st, on
 9
    Tuesday.
10
             JUDGE DALTON:
                            Tuesday, February 1?
11
             MR. JOHNSTON: That's okay with our side.
12
             MR. ELIAS: That works for us, Your Honor.
13
             (Pause in proceedings.)
             JUDGE DALTON: All right. So we'll plan on coming
14
15
    back together Tuesday, February 1. And that will make --
16
             You can back up their meet-and-confer from there.
             THE LAW CLERK: Yes. I'll put it up to date in
17
18
    the order, Judge.
19
             JUDGE DALTON: Okay. So we'll back up your
20
    meet-and-confer date from the February 1 date.
21
             And then as I said, please don't be shy about
    letting me know you don't think we need to get together.
22
    And then we'll take a look at the agenda. Judge Baker and
23
    I will discuss it between ourselves. And we'll take a look
24
25
    at it after that point, see how you all are coming along.
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Probably having a little bit more time to get
 1
 2
    together is going to be beneficial anyway. It will give
 3
    you all a better chance to figure out whether or not you
    have got problems in the document production or you feel
 4
 5
    happy with respect to the way things are going.
              MR. ELIAS: Thank you, Your Honor.
 6
 7
              JUDGE DALTON: And I think your request to extend
    the January 1 deadline is reasonable under the
 8
 9
    circumstances.
10
              So we'll make it January the 7th for the fact
11
    sheets as well as your extending the document discovery
12
    date until the 7th.
13
              MR. ELIAS: Thank you.
              JUDGE DALTON: Document production date, I should
14
15
    say.
16
              MR. SILVERMAN: Thank you, Your Honor.
17
              JUDGE DALTON: Anything else, Mr. Elias, for your
18
    team that you want to raise while we have you here?
19
              MR. ELIAS: Nothing now, Your Honor.
20
              Thank you.
             JUDGE DALTON: Thank you.
21
22
             Mr. Johnston, how about from the Novartis team,
23
    anything else?
24
              MR. JOHNSTON: That's it, Your Honor.
25
              JUDGE DALTON: All right. Well, I hope you all
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have a safe, happy, and blessed holiday. And I'll see you
 1
 2
    back here in 2022. I'm looking for a very good report on
 3
    discovery and your document production review.
             And, Judge Harz, I hope I'll talk to you between
 4
 5
    now and then. But happy holidays to you as well.
 6
             JUDGE HARZ: Thank you very much.
 7
             JUDGE DALTON: All right. We'll be in recess.
             Thank you, all.
 8
 9
              (Proceedings adjourned at 2:17 p.m.)
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11
12
                       CERTIFICATE
13
14
             I certify that the foregoing is a correct
15
    transcript from the record of proceedings in the
16
    above-entitled matter.
17
18
    December 6, 2021
19
20
        s\ Amie R. First
    Amie R. First, RDR, CRR, CRC, CPE
21
    Federal Official Court Reporter
    United States District Court
22
    Middle District of Florida
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